

5CCS2FC2: Foundations of Computing II

Automata and Turing Machines

Week 1

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Non-deterministic Turing Machines (NDTMs)

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- Non-deterministic Turing Machine

$$M = \langle \Sigma, Q, q_{\text{init}}, q_{\text{accept}}, q_{\text{reject}}, \delta \rangle$$

- Transition function

$$\delta : (Q \times \Sigma \cup \{\sqcup\}) \rightarrow \mathcal{P}(Q \times \Sigma \cup \{\sqcup\} \times \{\leftarrow, \rightarrow\})$$

$$\delta(\text{current state}, \text{read symbol}) \mapsto \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{possible instructions} \\ (\text{state, write, move}) \end{array} \right\}$$

Non-deterministic Turing Machines (NDTMs)

- Configurations and Computations

- The **configurations** of a NDTM M are defined as for deterministic Turing Machines as a complete description of the machine at any given time

(current state, left substring, right substring)

Non-deterministic Turing Machines (NDTMs)

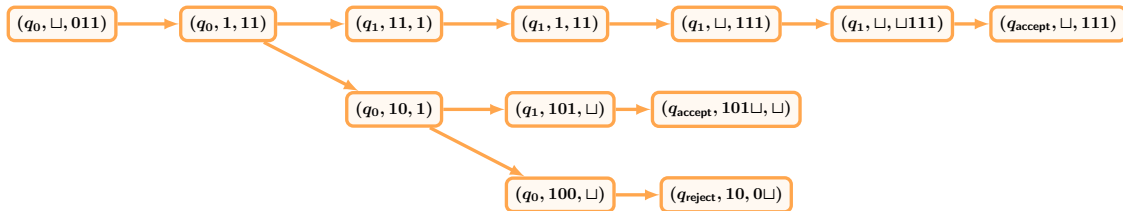
- Configurations and Computations

- The **computations** of a NDTM M are all possible sequences of configurations obtained by running M on a given input

Non-deterministic Turing Machines (NDTMs)

- Configurations and Computations

- These can be arranged into a branching **computation tree** with each branch corresponding to a possible computation of M .



Non-deterministic Turing Machines (NDTMs)

- Accept Criterion for NFAs

M accepts w $\iff$

The final state of the **ANY** computation starting $(q_{\text{init}}, \varepsilon, w)$ is an accepting state

The Church-Turing Thesis

Theorem Every language that can be recognised by a **non-deterministic** TM can be recognised by a **deterministic** TM.

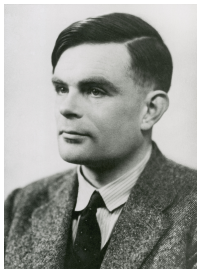
Proof:

- Given a NDTM M , we can construct a TM M' that writes out **all configurations** appearing in the branching computation tree of M .
- The machine M' enters the **accepting state** if it ever writes a configuration with whose state is the accepting state of M .

Q.E.D.

The Church-Turing Thesis

Theorem (The Church-Turing Thesis) Any language that can be effectively computed by some finite process can be recognised by a Turing machine.



End of Slides!

